



TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 21, 1904.

**THE MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION IN CHICAGO TODAY WILL BRING TO MIND REMINISCENCES OF THE MEMORABLE GATHERING IN THE SAME CITY FORTY-FOUR YEARS AGO WHEN ABRAHAM LINCOLN WAS NOMINATED AND WM. H. SEWARD, WHO HAD PREVIOUSLY BEEN SELECTED AS THE CANDIDATE, WAS DEFEATED. FOUR YEARS BEFORE GENERAL FREMONT HAD BEEN NOMINATED BY THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, BUT HE WAS THE LOSING HORSE IN THE PRESIDENTIAL RACE OF 1860. THE PARTY, HOWEVER, HAD GROWN TO LARGE PROPORTIONS IN 1860, AND THERE WAS EVERY REASON TO SUPPOSE WITH DISCUSSION IN THE DEMOCRATIC RANKS AND TWO CANDIDATES OF THAT PARTY IN THE FIELD, THE REPUBLICAN NOMINEE WOULD BE THE NEXT PRESIDENT. HENCE UNUSUAL INTEREST CENTRED IN THE CHICAGO CONVENTION. THURLOW WEED AND OTHERS IMAGINED THEY HAD EVERYTHING CUT AND DRIED IN THE INTEREST OF SEWARD, BUT HORACE GREELY, A SECESSION MEMBER OF THE POLITICAL FIRM OF SEWARD, WEED & CO., HAD DETERMINED TO USE ALL HIS INFLUENCE TO DEFEAT SEWARD. THE ENEMIES OF SEWARD AND HIS COADJUTORS WENT TO CHICAGO REALIZING THEY WERE IN THE MINORITY, AND FOR A TIME NOTHING OCCURRED TO BRIGHTEN THEIR HOPES. THEY FOUGHT VALENTLY, HOWEVER, AND TO THE SURPRISE OF THEMSELVES AND THE ENTIRE COUNTRY SUCCEEDED IN THWARTING SEWARD AND NOMINATING LINCOLN. CANNON BOOMED FROM THE TOP OF THE WIGWAM, BANDS DISCOURSED MUSIC THROUGH THE STREETS AND THE GREATEST ENTHUSIASM PREVAILLED. GREELY'S ANTI-SEWARDISM TO SEWARD DATED BACK A NUMBER OF YEARS. THE FORMER, WHEN A YOUNG MAN, STRUGGLING AGAINST POVERTY, HAD BEEN USED BY SEWARD IN VARIOUS WAYS, ESPECIALLY IN EDITING CAMPAIGN PAPERS, BUT WHEN THE LATTER BECAME GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK HE IGNORED GREELY AS HE DID ON OTHER OCCASIONS WHEN HIS PARTY TRIUMPHED IN NATIONAL ELECTIONS AND HE WAS ON THE CREST OF THE WAVE OF SUCCESS. GREELY NURTURED HIS RESENTMENT. HIS TIME CAME EVENTUALLY, AND IN THE YEAR 1860 THE EDITOR WAS FORMIDABLE AND SEWARD'S "FORGETFULNESS" WAS THE DIRECT CAUSE OF LOSING HIM THE PRESIDENCY, A POSITION HE HAD LONG COVETED. LINCOLN WAS NOMINATED AND HIS RISE WAS THE BEGINNING OF A DOLEFUL CHAPTER IN AMERICAN HISTORY. IN A FEW MONTHS TIME IT BECAME APPARENT THAT THE REPUBLIC WAS ABOUT TO PASS THROUGH ONE OF THE MOST TRYING ORDEALS IN ITS HISTORY. THE PAPERS WERE FULL OF CARICATURES OF LINCOLN, SOME FRIENDLY AND OTHERS HOSTILE. AS ANTICIPATED, HE WAS ELECTED, AND DURING THE TIME THAT HE FOLLOWED, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE TWO TERMS OF GROVER CLEVELAND, A REPUBLICAN PRESIDENT HAD OCCUPIED THE WHITE HOUSE. THERE WILL BE NO GREAT RIVALRY THIS TIME FOR THE NOMINATION. THE PRESENT INCUMBENT, WHOSE STAR IS STILL IN THE ASCENDANT, WILL DOUBTLESS BE NOMINATED AND BE ALLOWED TO RUN HIS COURSE AS OTHER MINOR ORBS THAT HAVE WAXED AND WANED DURING THE LAST TWO SCORE YEARS.**

**THAT THE PEOPLE OF THIS COUNTRY HAVE BEEN HUMBLED FROM BEGINNING TO END IN THE INTERCANEAL BUSINESS IS BECOMING MORE AND MORE APPARENT. IT IS NOW SAID THAT IT WILL REQUIRE THIRTY THOUSAND MEN FOR NEARLY FIFTY YEARS TO CONSTRUCT THE CANAL AND AT A COST OF OVER SIX HUNDRED MILLIONS OF DOLLARS. IF THIS IS SO, AND THERE IS EVERY REASON TO BELIEVE IT, BUT FEW MEN NOW LIVING WILL SEE THE CANAL COMPLETED, THOUGH IT WAS PROMISED THAT ONLY A FEW YEARS WOULD BE REQUIRED. THIS IS EXASPERATING, ESPECIALLY WHEN TO "HURRY THINGS" AND TO HAVE THE CANAL BUILT AT ONCE, AS IT WAS STATED, THE PRESIDENT CONNIVED AT A SECESSION MOVEMENT IN COLOMBIA AND SANCTIONED THE DISMEMBERMENT OF A FRIENDLY SISTER REPUBLIC. THE PEOPLE OF THIS COUNTRY ARE EASILY FOOLED AND APPARENTLY SHOW NO RESENTMENT TOWARDS THOSE WHO FOOL AND ROB THEM.**

**THE REPUBLICANS OF CHICAGO WHO CONTRIBUTED THE MONEY TO SECURE FOR THAT CITY THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION HAVE DEMANDS THAT A THREE DAYS' SESSION OF THAT BODY BE HELD THERE IN ORDER THAT THEY MAY RECOMP, AND THEIR DEMAND HAS BEEN HEED. SO WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN ACCOMPLISHED IN A FEW HOURS WILL BE SPUN OUT FOR THREE DAYS, AND THE DELEGATES WILL HAVE A TASTE OF WHAT IT IS TO BE HELD UP AND FLEECED.**

**ATTORNEY GENERAL KNOX HAS DECIDED THAT THE PROSECUTION OF THE NEBRASKA CATTLE KINGS UNDER INDICTMENT FOR VIOLATION OF THE LAND LAWS WILL HAVE TO BE DEFERRED DUE TO LACK OF AVAILABLE FUNDS. THE ADMINISTRATION IS OF THE OPINION THAT THE EVE OF AN ELECTION IS NO TIME TO PROSECUTE TRUSTS THAT ARE EXPECTED TO CONTRIBUTE ENOUGH MONEY TO KEEP THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN POWER.**

**AT A HEARING BEFORE THE STATE BOARD OF TAXATION, AT TRENTON, N. J., THIS MORNING, COL. CHARLES W. FULLER, REPRESENTING THE STANDARD OIL CO., MADE THE CHARGE THAT IT WAS A CAMPAIGN CRY DURING THE LAST MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGN IN JERSEY CITY THAT IF MARK M. FAGAN WAS ELECTED MAYOR THE VALUATIONS OF THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY'S PROPERTY IN JERSEY CITY WOULD BE INCREASED TO \$1,000,000.**

## From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, D. C., June 21.

The State Department this morning received a long dispatch from Consul General Gummere at Tangier, Morocco, the text of which is not made public. It is said at the department that its gist is to the effect that each side appears to be suspicious of the other. Raisouli has objected to the Sheriff of Wazan as the intermediary and has named Sheikh Zella as a substitute. The latter, however, objects to the responsibility, saying that he would not care to have the prisoners in his village since they might come to harm and he would then be held accountable by both Raisouli and the Europeans and Americans. It is now incumbent upon the American and British representatives to induce Zella to accept the trust and it is understood they are attempting the task.

The volume of appropriations for the first and second sessions of the 58th Congress was \$778,172,875.18. A detailed report on the subject was made today by the Senate and House committees on appropriations as required by law. This sum is an increase of \$28,113,849.16 over the appropriations of the 57th Congress. Following are the items in detail: Agricultural, \$5,902,040; army, \$77,070,800.88; diplomatic, \$2,020,100.69; District of Columbia, \$11,018,540; fortification, \$7,518,192; Indian, 9,447,961.40; legislative, executive and judicial, \$28,558,258.22; military academy, \$973,947.26; navy, 97,505,140.94; pensions, \$138,260,700.00; postoffice, \$172,545,998.75; rivers and harbors, \$3,000,000.00; sundry civil, \$57,840,211.34; deficiency appropriations, \$26,771,899.18; miscellaneous, \$1,167,273.52; permanent appropriations, \$141,471,820.

Miss Mabel McKinley, niece of the late President, has written a song called "Karama" which she has dedicated to Japan. Mr. Takahira, the Japanese Minister, has received copies of the ballad from the fair composer and in his letter of thanks, which he has sent her, said that he would forward the music to the Mikado.

Consul General Maxwell at San Domingo city sends the following dispatch to the State Department from San Domingo: "Morales elected president by Congress; Caceres, vice-president. Inauguration, Sunday, 19th. Revolution is considered ended."

Much of the time of the Cabinet meeting today was devoted to a discussion of the Gen'l Slocum steamboat disaster and the investigation instituted by Secretary Cortelyou as to the alleged culpability of the government inspectors.

Representative Hitt, of Illinois, who has been ill for a week is still confined to his bed. The only information obtainable at his home is that he is better today.

It is learned today that Representative Hitt, of Illinois, is suffering from a severe attack of heart trouble. The family observed the greatest reticence as to the progress of his ailment and have given his physician strict instructions not to discuss the case. Nothing could be ascertained regarding Mr. Hitt's condition today further than the statement made at the White House that he was better.

Assistant Attorney General Robb has written a letter to the President summing up the conclusions he reached in his investigation into the affairs of the Third Assistant Postmaster General and exonerating General Madden of the charges of wrongdoing in the sale of "specimen" and freak stamps. Mr. Robb concludes that there was nothing improper in Gen. Madden's distribution of the stamps gratuitously but recommends that the system be discontinued and that all dies and stamps not in use in possession of the Department shall be placed "under the personal and permanent custody of the head of the department."

Lizzie Lyman, colored, of Washington Court, was found dead in her bed this morning. Coroner Nevitt who viewed the remains, said that he thought death was due to poisoning as there were no marks of violence on the body. An autopsy will be performed by Deputy Coroner Glazebrook. Walter Hamilton, her reputed lover has been arrested.

**Bryan Against Parker.**

Cooper Union in New York was crowded last night at the anti-Parker convention called by some of those who do not concur in the Parker instructions given at the New York State convention. William J. Bryan was the principal speaker, and when he appeared on the platform he was enthusiastically applauded. Before making his address he said he would not name his favorite candidate for President, but he made a savage attack on the "reorganizers" and vigorously opposed the nomination of Judge Alton B. Parker, who was held up as the candidate of the corporations and not of the people.

Judge Samuel Seabury, of the City Court, who presided, spoke of Parker as the candidate of the "plutocracy." He advised the meeting to repudiate Parker, and urged the sending of a delegation to St. Louis to protest against his nomination and to assure the convention that if nominated, Parker could not carry the State of New York.

The platform adopted at the meeting opens by condemning the expansion policy of the republican administration. In speaking of the recent democratic State convention, the platform recites that the convention instructed for Parker by a vote of 301 to 149, and that many of those who voted against this resolution of instruction represented the democratic districts of the State, where enthusiastic support of the nominee is essential to party success. The platform goes on to say that Parker's candidacy is discredited by the character of his sponsors, and that neither he nor those who speak for him have presented his candidacy so as even to deserve success.

**FOREIGN NEWS.**

A dispatch received in London from Foo Chow says that the Chinese steamer Hae-Shin has been lost. No details are given in the cablegram, but it is feared that it will prove to be a serious fatality.

The St. Petersburg Novost reports that a fearful crime has been committed at Kovana by a jealous woman. She decapitated and then dismembered her husband and sent part of the remains in a package to her supposed rival.

A special train of harvesters, traveling from the west of Ireland en-route for England, were today dashed into a refreshment room at Green Ore, Ireland. Twenty persons were injured. The accident was the result of the brake refusing to work.

## News of the Day.

Two persons were burned to death and six others injured in a fire that partially destroyed a saloon and boarding-house in Cleveland, Ohio yesterday.

Up to late yesterday the total number of bodies recovered from the General Slocum disaster at New York reached to 730, and yet there are 323 unaccounted for.

The Secretary of the Interior has approved the application of the board of trustees of the Columbian University in Washington to change the name to the George Washington University.

According to the Novoe Vremya, the Russian oil combinations have capitulated to the Standard Oil Company, and even the Rothschilds and Nobel interests have come to terms with the American concern.

Cardinal Gibbons in an authorized statement announces that shortly after receiving the papal decree with regard to church music he informed his Holiness of the intention to carry out as far as practicable the ideas laid down by Pius x.

In New York yesterday testimony was given at the beginning of the coroner's inquest into the Slocum disaster that there had never been fire drills on the boat; that there was no attempt to fight the fire after the one line of hose burst, and that the firehose had not been inspected since 1891.

The largest fleet of pineapple vessels to enter one day in the custom house at Baltimore for several seasons was the arrival yesterday of the schooners Laurena Clayton, Rover, William Lithium, Richard Lithium, Blackbird and Edlie, the latter a British vessel, all from the Bahamas. In the aggregate they brought 33,000 dozens.

Representative Victor H. Metcalf, of California, has been selected to succeed Mr. Cortelyou as secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor and Mr. Roosevelt has invited Paul Morton to become Secretary of the Navy when Mr. Moody takes the place of Attorney General Knox. Mr. Morton is a son of Mr. Cleveland's Secretary of Agriculture and was an active democrat prior to the campaign of 1896. He will probably decline.

The details concerning the plunging of a locomotive into the river at Laurel, Del., yesterday are most thrilling. The engineer, who lost his life, ran past a signal which was against him, and the baggage-master, realizing that the train would follow the engine into the river, pulled the coupling pin and saved the cars from being wrecked as well as a loss of life. The locomotive fell on a schooner and sank it. The crew saw this was imminent and jumped overboard in time to save their lives.

## REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The following is the programme for the republican national convention:

Tuesday, June 21.—Called to order by Chairman Henry C. Payne; prayer by Rev. Timothy P. Frost; reading of convention call by Secretary Dover; introduction of Temporary Chairman Elihu Root; report of names of temporary officers; appointment of committees.

Wednesday, June 22.—Prayer by Rev. Thomas E. Cox; reports by committees; introduction of Permanent Chairman Joseph G. Cannon; appointment of national committee.

Thursday, June 23.—Prayer by Rev. Thaddeus A. Snively; presentation of name of Theodore Roosevelt by Frank S. Black, of New York; seconding of nomination by Senator A. J. Beveridge and others; selection of committees for notification of candidates.

The retiring national committee held its last meeting, Postmaster General Harry C. Payne being made chairman. It was decided to give the Philippine delegates a total of two votes. The anti-Addicks delegation from Delaware will carry their contest into the convention itself. The contest between the "Lily Whites" and the "Black and Tans," from Louisiana, is also waxing hotter.

Gov. A. B. Cummins, of Iowa, presented his tariff reform proposition at a meeting of his State delegation, but it was overwhelmingly voted down. Senator Henry C. Hansbrough, of North Dakota, got little encouragement in his contest along the same lines. It is predicted that if any declaration in favor of changing the tariff schedules is adopted in the convention it will be exceedingly mild.

The Virginia delegation, which is quartered at the Hotel Lexington, met yesterday and organized as follows: Honorary Vice President—John A. C. Acker.

National committeeman—G. C. Bowden.

Committee on permanent organization—J. M. McLaughlin.

Committee on rules and order of business—Asa Rogers.

Committee on credentials—Park Agnew.

Committee on resolutions—D. Lawrence Groner.

To notify President—S. Brown Allen.

To notify vice presidential candidate—C. G. Smithers.

Chairman of delegation—Campbell Sleep.

Secretary of delegation—Asa Rogers.

This is the Bowden slate, and Congressman Sleep and his friends were outvoted by 17 to 7. The meeting was a quiet one, and the minority accepted the results with equanimity.

**Stevenson for President?**

It has developed in New York that that some of the democratic leaders from the south and west who have been in conference with local democrats are preparing to spring the name of former Vice President Adlai Stevenson as a "dark horse" at the national democratic convention, upon the theory that he is the only man who can harmonize the Cleveland democrats and the Bryan democrats. It is urged in his favor that Cleveland accepted him as a running mate in 1892, and that he could not say anything against him as a candidate for president at the present time. On the other hand he was a candidate with Bryan in 1896, and the Nebraskan would be forced to support a man who ran on the ticket with him in 1900. Neither the Cleveland democrats nor the Bryan democrats, it is argued, would be able to impeach his regularity, since he was once elected and once defeated as a national candidate for the second place on the ticket himself.

The wedding dress of the late Queen Draga, of Serbia, a superb national costume, had been stolen and sold to an English showman for \$16,000.

## Virginia News.

George Campbell, of Leesburg, aged eighty years, died on Sunday from general debility.

Sunday night Miss Elizabeth Shumate died at the home of her cousin, Miss E. Brown, near Winchester, while on a visit. She was 62 years of age.

Judge Howdershell and Miss Kate Burgess, both of Stafford county, were married in Fredericksburg on Sunday night by Rev. Dr. T. S. Dunaway.

Wheat harvest is in full blast in the Fredericksburg section and the crop is very fine. The late rains have practically made the grass crop which is good.

By the explosion of an oil can from which she was about to pour kerosene upon some coal. Mrs. Ruby Hood, a young married woman, living a short distance from Richmond, was fatally burned yesterday.

A charter was granted yesterday by the State corporation commission to the Winchester and Washington City Railroad Company; home office, Winchester; capital stock, \$300,000; L. H. Hansbrough, president.

Prof. Edwin A. Alderman, president-elect of the University of Virginia, has notified the faculty of his purpose to come to Charlottesville on Friday of this week to study the situation with a view of determining his duty in the premises.

J. L. Patton, a member of the Virginia commission to the World's Fair left Richmond for St. Louis yesterday. Before Mr. Patton left he severely criticized Norfolk for alleged failure to carry out a promise to contribute toward furnishing the Virginia building at St. Louis.

The committee appointed to choose the holder of the Rhodes scholarship assigned Virginia from among the list of candidates who successfully passed the examinations held at the University of Virginia in April, met at Charlottesville last night and awarded the honor to William A. Fleet, a student in the academic department.

Professor A. M. Soule, director of the agricultural experiment station of Tennessee, has accepted an offer of the position of director of the State experiment station of Virginia, and dean of the Department of Agriculture at the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, at Blacksburg. He has declined the presidency of the University of Tennessee.

One of the most interesting features of the ceremonies of the Virginia Military Institute took place yesterday when all of the survivors of the famous Newmarket charge by the cadets of the institute were presented crosses of honor for their heroism at the battle. Of the 293 cadets who took part in the battle of Newmarket, which was fought May 15, 1864 only 173 are now known to be living.

Ex-Gov. William E. Cameron, of Petersburg, candidate for Congress from the Fourth district, in a speech delivered Monday at Boydton, Mecklenburg county, where he and his opponent, Hon. R. G. Southall, had a joint discussion, announced the withdrawal of his candidacy. He gave as his reasons his weak physical condition, the complete collapse of his health, and his inability to conduct a canvass.

After thoroughly saturating her clothing with kerosene oil, then wrapping around her a flannel blanket, which she also saturated with the fluid, Mrs. John Spurr, of Shenandoah, Page county, went a short distance from her home Sunday night, about 9 o'clock, and applied a lighted match to the clothing. She made no outcry and was only discovered by neighbors, who saw the fire. Before anyone could reach her she was horribly burned and died about midnight Sunday night. She was about 64 years of age and no cause can be assigned for the rash act. Her husband was attending church when the suicide was committed.

Engineer B. F. Lambert, accompanied by his wife, his father-in-law, J. D. Crawford, and Mrs. J. S. Nichols and child, were overturned in an automobile accident last night on Center avenue in Roanoke, and Mrs. Nichols and Messrs. Lambert and Crawford seriously injured. It is stated that there are no hopes for Crawford's recovery. Mr. Lambert, who was recently elected a member of the city council, owned the automobile, and while descending a gradual grade it got beyond his control. The machine struck the street car track and Mr. Lambert lost the pilot, which resulted in the overturning of the machine. The infant crawled out from the wreck unhurt.

**Preparing for the Maneuvers.**

Maj. Gen. Henry C. Corbin, commanding the Division of the Atlantic, had a conference in Washington yesterday with Lieut. Gen. Chaffee and others of the general staff over the maneuvers which are scheduled to take place on the Manassas battle fields in September.

To personally carry through the maneuvers which he had projected, Gen. Corbin was permitted by the President to defer his departure for the Philippines until next fall.

Col. H. O. Heistand and John A. Hull, and Capt. James A. Moss, of the United States army, accompanied by Col. L. S. Brown, general agent of the Southern Railway, returned to Washington yesterday from Prince William county, where they attended a number of farmers' mass meetings, held for the purpose of perfecting plans for the maneuvers. The meetings were held at Manassas and Haymarket. The strip of land selected for the maneuvers covers an area of six miles in width and about twelve miles long, containing about 40,000 acres. The eastern portion is bounded by Bull Run, and the western portion by Broad Run, both furnishing an ample supply of water, in which area both the first and second battles of Manassas and sundry other engagements were fought during the civil war. It is now definitely settled that these maneuvers will take place September 5 next, in Prince William county, and there will be from 22,000 to 25,000 troops in attendance, composed of militia from the various States, and some eight or ten thousand regulars, supplemented by a brigade or two of cavalry, artillery corps, &c. The Southern Railway, near whose line the theater of operations is located, is making extensive arrangements in the way of building spur tracks, side tracks, &c., for the expeditious handling of this large number of troops. Gen. H. C. Corbin, commanding the Department of the East, will have his headquarters, with his attaches and other army officials from this and other countries, at Gainesville, a point located in about the center of the land selected for the maneuvers.

## Today's Telegraphic News.

**The Republican National Convention.**

Chicago, June 21.—If there was any doubt about the nomination of Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, for the vice presidency last night's developments set it at rest. When Pennsylvania and New York fell in line the others didn't have a leg to stand on. Governor Odell, Senator Depew and Congressman Sherman, of the New York delegation, the Cannon boomers, had the ground removed from under their feet. Before the curfew bell had rung last night most of the States were in line and the question of who should be Roosevelt's running mate was solved. Cornelius N. Bliss, of New York, treasurer of the national committee, who represents the President, was consulted and acquiesced in the announced programme. The talk against the selection of Mr. Cortelyou for the national chairmanship has about entirely subsided, nor is there longer talk of a compromise, looking either to Mr. Cortelyou's selection and subsequent resignation to accept the Postmaster Generalship or looking to the selection of Mr. Cortelyou as chairman of the executive committee, and the choice of some else to preside over the national committee itself.

Word has been received that Mr. Cortelyou has been detained in New York on account of the Gen'l Slocum disaster, but he is expected here on Wednesday. His coming will not tend to create any undue enthusiasm and will have but little, if any, material effect on the situation. The hopes of the tariff readjusters for a revision plank in the platform are doomed to disappointment. But little talk is heard that would seem to foreshadow the slightest concessions on the part of the stand patters. But the western delegates continue the agitation against an anti-polygamy plank in the platform, a matter in which the delegates from Utah, Idaho, Colorado, Wyoming and the other western inter-mountain states are standing together.

Another matter that is agitating western delegates is the statehood question. The last two congresses refuse to carry out platform pledges looking to the admission of Oklahoma, Arizona, and New Mexico. But the statehood boomers have not lost hope and the struggle will be renewed before the committee on resolutions.

It is a Roosevelt convention now. The change has come with the arrival of the great mass of the delegates whose interests have caused them to give up time and money to see the congress of the party in session. Until yesterday the leaders who are permitted to lead as long as they do not run counter to popular sentiment, held sway. They were the old guard of the machine organization. Their one great purpose was to perpetuate their rule. They were anti-Roosevelt. In their eyes the President was a political accident who had to be given a re-nomination by force of circumstances. But he was to be made subject to the sacred organization. They threw cold water upon whatever Roosevelt sentiment that appeared. Most important of all they did their stand that one of their own selection should be the national leader of the party. Then it was that the President's friends on the ground made a determined stand and swept things. The list of those of the old organization who were displaced on the national committee by new men yesterday include Kerens, of Missouri; Sheldon, of New York; Stewart, of Illinois, and Hawley, of Texas. The old machine has been shattered and Roosevelt is the leader of the republicans.

Chicago, June 21.—The tariff plank, which bears the stamp of President Roosevelt's approval, and which will probably be adopted by the convention without material change, is as follows: Protection which guards and develops our industries is the cardinal policy of the republican party. We insist upon the maintenance of this principle, but we recognize that particular tariff schedules are neither sacred nor immutable. Present duties must be altered (readjusted) when changed conditions and the public interest demand their alteration. But this work cannot be safely committed to any other hands than those of the army of protection.

This is the tariff plank which was drafted by Senator Lodge, discussed by President Roosevelt and his advisers at Washington, and after a final revision brought to Chicago in the pocket of Senator Lodge, who is to be chairman of the committee on resolution.

The American Protective Tariff League is making a determined effort to get hold of the tariff plank in the forthcoming platform to be introduced into the republican national convention. The league wants to stand pat on the subject of tariff and asks for no changes either way. Members of the league executive committee say efforts of the revisionists will succeed and they do not want the Dingley bill tampered with.

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge has been appealed to by the executive members of the board and asked for a copy of the tariff plank, but he has steadily refused to give it up. Early this morning the league sent a telegram to President Roosevelt, asking him to instruct Senator Lodge to give the league a copy of the tariff plank.

Chicago, June 21.—Convention Hall presented a brilliant scene of color this morning when the convention met. The hall itself, could scarcely be improved upon. It is one immense single arched and steel girded structure, capable of comfortably seating 9,000 persons and is gaily decorated.

Four women are among those at the convention hall who occupy the green chairs that have been reserved for the elect. They are Mrs. J. B. West, of Idaho; Mrs. Jennie E. Nelson, of Ogden Utah; Mrs. O. E. Lefevre, of Denver, and Mrs. C. A. Eldridge, of Colorado Springs.

At the south end of the hall a temporary stand erected above the gallery was occupied by the First Regiment band, of Pullman, Illinois, which furnished music at intervals throughout the day. Opposite at the north end was strung a large flag bearing on a black ground an American eagle rampant, with the coat of arms of the United States. Just above it is a placard announcing: "Under this banner both Harrison and McKinley were twice nominated."

The officers of the convention made their appearance on the platform shortly after 10:30, when there were very few people in the hall. It was 11 o'clock before the hall began to fill. Among the earliest arrivals were the four women alternates who are members of the delegations from Idaho, Utah and Colorado. At 11:45 p. m. Postmaster General

## Henry C. Payne, chairman of the national committee and the first presiding officer of the convention made his way to the platform accompanied by ex-Secretary of War Elihu Root, who is to be temporary chairman. Every one in the hall listened in greeting them.

At 12:12 p. m., Chairman Payne called the convention to order, when Rev. Dr. Frost opened the proceedings with prayer. Senator Scott presented Chairman Payne with a gavel on behalf of the committee. The latter returned thanks, after which John Malloy, of Ohio, the reading clerk proceeded to read the call of the convention. When the late Senator Hanna's name was mentioned tremendous applause came from the hall.

Gov. Odell, of New York, moved the approval of the selection of Mr. Root as temporary chairman, which was carried unanimously and Mr. Root was greeted with applause.

In the midst of this picture of Roosevelt was displayed from the platform without attracting much attention. The picture was promptly removed.

Mr. Root's statement that no honest industry had been stopped but that the small producer had been protected, from the crushing competition of unfair trusts was earnestly applauded and last reference to the beneficent results of the United States, occupation of the Philippines was wildly cheered. His statement that the people must now say whether the Panama canal should be built by the people who made its building created great enthusiasm. His reference to the departed Hanna brought the entire convention to its feet.

The concluding words of Mr. Root's speech was the name of President Roosevelt, which was the signal for a big demonstration.

National Committeeman Greene Stewart, on behalf of the city of Chicago, then presented Mr. Root with a gavel.

After the naming of the committees the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

## More Bodies Recovered.

New York, June 21.—Up to 8 o'clock this morning 12 additional bodies, victims of the steamboat Gen'l Slocum disaster, had been recovered, making the total number so far recovered 746. There are 64 unidentified bodies in the morgue. A severe storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning, passed over this vicinity early this morning and caused the bodies recovered today to come to the surface of the water. People are responding generously to the call for financial aid for sufferers from the disaster. Jacob H. Schiff, treasurer of the general relief fund, reports that yesterday he received \$29,940, making the total thus far \$53,332.15. Contributions were received at the Mayor's office aggregating thousands of dollars.

When the inquest into the Slocum disaster was resumed by Coroner Berry and a jury this morning deck-hand Daniel O'Neil swore that he had never participated in a fire drill on board of the Slocum. O'Neil told a graphic story of the fire and declared that the hose burst as soon as the water was turned on. He swore that an attempt was then made to bring the deck hose into use, but that the coupling did not fit the stand-pipe. O'Neil admitted that when he saw the fire he jumped overboard into a small boat which capsized and that he then swam ashore. The testimony of others of the crew showed that there were no preparations on the steamer for an emergency, and that in cases culpable negligence in attempts to save life was apparent.

**San Patterson.**  
New York, June 21.—Nan Patterson, the actress, indicted for the murder of Caesar Young, the bookmaker, pleaded not guilty today through her counsel, Abraham Levy, in Part I, Court of General Sessions, before Judge Berger. Mr. Levy will have a conference with the District Attorney today with a view to having his client put on trial during the July term of the court. He declares that an immediate trial is necessary owing to the weakened physical condition of the prisoner, who fainted twice this morning in the Tombs prior to her arraignment in court.

**Self-Government for Macedonia.**  
Birmingham, Eng., June 21.—The Post today says it has good grounds for stating that negotiations are proceeding with the powers with the object of the creation of an autonomous government for Macedonia. France, at the request of Great Britain, is taking the leading role. The present idea is for one of the continental ruling families to be given a mandate by the powers for a period of three years with a local force of international gendarmes to support him.

**Soon to be Released.**  
Tangier, June 21.—Unless Raisouli, the brigand, formulates a fresh claim, Perdicaris and his step-son, Varley, are expected to be released on Thursday. The Comptoir National is advancing the ransom of \$70,000. Twenty thousand dollars have already been sent to Raisouli and he will receive notes for the balance. The Sultan refuses to dismiss the Governor of Tatan as Raisouli demands.

**Turkey and the Powers.**  
Constantinople, June 21.—A rumor is in circulation here that America has notified the Porte of its willingness to give some degree of support to Turkey against the pressure of the Powers looking to the application of reforms in Macedonia. This support will be given provided Turkey gives certain concessions to America. The rumor is not confirmed.

**New York Stock Market.**  
New York, June 21, 10 a. m.—The stock market opened quiet and generally a little firmer. The bullish sentiment was encouraged again today by a continuance of strength and development of aggressiveness on the part of the bulls in new quarters of the stock market. The feature of the industrial group was the persistent accumulation of U. S. Steel pfd. The speculation as a whole is not especially active, but traders are disposed to buy stocks on all reactions and the undertone is satisfactory.

**Startling Evidence.**  
Fresh testimony in great quantity is constantly coming in, declaring Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds to be unequalled. A recent experience from T. J. McFarland, of Bensenville, Ill., serves as example. He writes: "I had Bronchitis for three years and doctored all the time without being benefited. Then I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles cured me." Equally effective in curing all Lung and Throat troubles, Consumption, Pneumonia and Grip, guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists. Trial bottles free, regular size 50c and \$1.00.

**The Market.**  
Georgetown, June 21.—Wheat 90a1/2c, 1/2c.

**FOR SALE.**—The famous LEE COAL at the lowest market prices.  
W. A. SMOOT & CO.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVES.

John Smith, a well-to-do farmer, was murdered on the public road at Eplin, W. Va., last night. He was found by neighbors who organized a posse and arrested two suspects.

Willis T. Shaw, a tanner of Linneus, Arrostock county, Me., has gone into